



Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Ministry of Education General Administration of Education, Jeddah Region Al Bayan Model School	<b>Final Question Bank:</b>  <b>Second Term</b> Year 1435-1436 H/ 2014-2015   	<b>Subject</b>	<b>English</b>
		<b>Stage</b>	<b>Intermediate</b>
		<b>Grade</b>	<b>7<sup>th</sup></b>
		<b>Term</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>QUESTION BANK FOR ENGLISH: Ch 24, 12, 13, 14, 15 S.B          and W.B Pg 15 to 20 vocabulary +spelling worksheets</b>		<b>Teacher</b>	T. Badria Hamdan T. Zainab Saadawi T. Areej Al Aqqad

**Question 1: (Multiple Choices):**

	<b>GRAMMAR</b>			
<b>1.</b>	<b>When does the bus come__</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>2.</b>	<b>What a great game that was__</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>3.</b>	<b>I don't understand the assignment__</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>4.</b>	<b>Will Mr_Highwater be teaching the science course?</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>5.</b>	<b>Just after 3:00 P_M., the sun came out.</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>6.</b>	<b>On TV tonight, Dr_Melba West will explain nutrition.</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>7.</b>	<b>I finished my dinner, brushed my teeth__ combed my hair, and ran out the door.</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>8.</b>	<b>For lunch, we had milk_tuna sandwiches, and pears.</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>9.</b>	<b>This project is fun, easy, fast _and inexpensive.</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>10.</b>	<b>I wanted to buy a camera_so I mowed yards in the neighborhood.</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !

<b>11.</b>	<b>Yes_that is a cardinal.</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>12.</b>	<b>Well_you had better make up your mind soon.</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>13.</b>	<b>I get up at 6:00 A_M. on school days.</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>14.</b>	<b>Yes_a taco is a fried filled tortilla.</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>15.</b>	<b>Can you tell me his address, or should I ask someone else__</b>			
	(A) ?	(B) .	(C),	(D) !
<b>16.</b>	<b>the fish of the teacher</b>			
	(A) the fish's teacher	(B) the teacher's of the fish	(C) the fish's of the teacher	(D) the teacher's fish
<b>17.</b>	<b>the books of the children</b>			
	(A) the books' children	(B) the children's books	(C) the book's of the children	(D) the children of the books
<b>18.</b>	<b>the bed of the kittens - Make plural possessive</b>			
	(A) the kittens' beds	(B) the ketten's beds	(C) the bed's of the kitten	(D) the kitten's of the bed
<b>19.</b>	<b>the fault of him</b>			
	(A) fault's of him	(B) his fault	(C) fault's him	(D) he fault
<b>20.</b>	<b>the notebook of you</b>			
	(A) you notebook	(B) yours' notebook	(C) you's notebook	(D) your notebook
<b>21.</b>	<b>the sweaters of them</b>			
	(A)they sweaters	(B) their sweaters	(C) sweater's them	(D) them's sweater
<b>22.</b>	<b>_____ been a big help.</b>			
	(A) You've	(B) Yo'uhv	(C) You've	(D) Youhv

<b>23.</b>	<b>I _____ find my skateboard.</b>			
	(A) can't	(B) c'ant	(C) cannot	(D) c'anot
<b>24.</b>	<b>___ wash the car tomorrow morning.</b>			
	(A) Ill'	(B) Il'l	(C) I'll	(D) Ill
<b>25.</b>	<b>easy + ly</b>			
	(A) easily	(B) easyly	(C) easyli	(D) easili
<b>26.</b>	<b>active + ity</b>			
	(A) activeity	(B) activty	(C) actively	(D) activity
<b>27.</b>	<b>state + ment</b>			
	(A) statment	(D) statement	(C) statemment	(D) statiment
<b>28.</b>	<b>locate + ion</b>			
	(A) location	(D) locateeion	(C) locateion	(D) locatein
<b>29.</b>	<b>chop + ed</b>			
	(A) choped	(B) chobed	(C) chopped	(D) chopeed
<b>30.</b>	<b>Write the plural of box</b>			
	(A) box's	(B) bosex	(C) boxes	(D) bosx
<b>31.</b>	<b>Write the plural of doctor</b>			
	(A) doctorss	(B) doctrs	(C) doctores	(D) doctors
<b>32.</b>	<b>Write the plural of apology</b>			
	(A) apologies	(B) apologeis	(C) apologyes	(D) apologeys
<b>33.</b>	<b>Write the plural of toy</b>			
	(A) tois	(B) toyes	(C) toys	(D) toies

34.	<b>I've _____ seen that movie.</b>			
	(A) al lready	(D) all ready	(C) already	(D) al ready
35	<b>The Great Circus Parade is _____ to begin.</b>			
	(A) al lready	(D) all ready	(C) already	(D) al ready
36.	<b>Mom said that _____ your turn to wash the dishes.</b>			
	(A)its	(B) it's	(C) i'ts	(D) its'
37.	<b>_____ is a good article about Black History Month.</b>			
	(A) Here	(B) Heere	(C) Hare	(D) Hear
38.	<b>Mark likes the _____ and quiet of the country.</b>			
	(A) peace	(B) piece	(C) peice	(D) paice
39.	<b>One _____ of the puzzle was missing.</b>			
	(A) peace	(B) piece	(C) peice	(D) paice
40.	<b>_____ the door bounded a large dog.</b>			
	(A) Through	(D) Throw	(C) Threw	(D) Thro
41.	<b>We drove _____ Kansas and Oklahoma on the way to Texas.</b>			
	(A) through	(D) throw	(C) threw	(D) thro
42.	<b>Walking _____ the grocery store, he began to feel _____.</b>			
	(A) to, weak	(B) too, week	(C) to, week	(D) too, weak
43.	<b>Does _____ dad work for the newspaper, _____?</b>			
	(A) you're, to	(B) your , too	(C) you're, two	(D) you're , too

44.	<b>It took me a _____ to complete my project for history class.</b>			
	(A) weak	(B) wek	(C) week	(D) weeks
45.	<b>“Is there _____ much flour in the tortilla dough?” Alinda asked.</b>			
	(A) too	(B) toe	(C) two	(D) tow
46.	<b>_____ of the foreign exchange students are <i>from</i> southern India.</b>			
	(A) Too	(D) Two	(C) To	(D) Tow
47.	<b>We’re _____ for the big game against our rivals this week.</b>			
	(A) al lready	(D) all ready	(C) already	(D) al ready
48.	<b>please pass me the fruit salad</b>			
	(A) sentence	(B) fragment	(C) run-on	(D) stringy
49.	<b>near the door of the classroom</b>			
	(A) sentence	(B) fragment	(C) run-on	(D) stringy
50.	<b>do you like the sound of ocean waves</b>			
	(A) sentence	(B) fragment	(C) run-on	(D) stringy
51.	<b>on the top shelf of the refrigerator</b>			
	(A) sentence	(B) fragment	(C) run-on	(D) stringy
52.	<b>that’s a fantastic idea</b>			
	(A) sentence	(B) fragment	(C) run-on	(D) stringy
53.	<b>_____ the Chinese cookbooks still on sale?</b>			
	(A) Has	(B) Does	(C) Are	(D) Do

54.	<b>I _____ like to swim when the water is cold.</b>			
	(A) isn't	(B) aren't	(C) don't	(D) doesn't
55.	<b>One of the scientists _____ Isaac Newton.</b>			
	(A)h is	(B) has	(C) is	(D) had
56.	<b>Yesterday the cat _____ the tree.</b>			
	(A) climb	(B) climbed	(C) climbing	(D) climbs
57.	<b>I can never tell when Bob is _____ .</b>			
	(A) joker	(B) joked	(C) joking	(D) joke
58.	<b>My friend and I once _____ all day at a mall in Bloomington, Minnesota.</b>			
	A) shopped	(B) shopping	(C) shop	(D) shopper
59.	<b>The bus driver gave _____ a warning.</b>			
	(A) he	(B) him	(C) I	(D) his
60.	<b>Should Emily and _____ make the spaghetti?</b>			
	(A) they	(B) them	(C) do	(D) try
61.	<b>You and _____ can work together on a report about American Indians of the Southwest.</b>			
	(A) I	(B) me	(C) his	(D) my
62.	<b>Everyone from the volleyball team is here _____ Roseanne.</b>			
	(A) accept	(B) except	(C) accept	(D) ecept
63.	<b>The children helped _____ to the curry.</b>			
	(A) theirselves	(B) themselves	(C) their	(D) them

64.	<b>Be sure to _____ your lunch when you go to the park.</b>			
	(A) bring	(B) take	(C) brought	(D) took
65.	<b>The boys will _____ finish painting today.</b>			
	(A) try to	(B) try and	(C) try for	(D) try in
66.	<b>since _____ going home</b>			
	(A) youre'	(B) you're	(C) yo'ure	(D) your'e
67.	<b>that statues condition</b>			
	(A) that statues' condition	(B) that statue's condition	(C) that statues condition's	(D) that statues conditions'
68.	<b>My aunt and I bought nails lumber and paint for the birdhouses we plan</b>			
	(A) nails lumber and, paint	(B) nails, lumber, and paint	(C) nails lumber, and paint	(D) nails, lumber and paint
69.	<b>Sheila ran laps on Monday Tuesday and Wednesday.</b>			
	(A) Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday	(B) Monday Tuesday, and Wednesday	(C) Monday Tuesday and, Wednesday	(D) Monday ,Tuesday and Wednesday
70.	<b>No I have never read <i>The Hobbit</i>.</b>			
	(A) No, I have,	(B) No I ,have	(C) No I have,	(D) No, I have

**SPELLING:**

<b>SPELLING</b>				
<b>71.</b>	<b>c/y/r/l/e/e/c</b>			
	(A) rececly	(B) recycle	(C) rycecle	(D) ryccee
<b>72.</b>	<b>x/o/i/t/c</b>			
	(A) toicx	(B) xoitc	(C) toxic	(D) tocix
<b>73.</b>	<b>p/e/l/r/a/e/c</b>			
	(A) replace	(B) reclape	(C) caerpeal	(D) realcep
<b>74.</b>	<b>r/s/h/t/a</b>			
	(A) shart	(B) trash	(C) shtar	(D) harst
<b>75.</b>	<b>l/t/c/i/p/a/s</b>			
	(A) plactis	(B) citplas	(C) plastic	(D) sticpla
<b>76.</b>	<b>inci_era_ors</b>			
	(A) d,p	(B) n, t	(C) t,i	(D) f,k
<b>77.</b>	<b>conve_ien_e</b>			
	(A) u, l	(B) r,m	(C) n, c	(D) t,f
<b>78.</b>	<b>gene_at_rs</b>			
	(A) r, o	(B) f, c	(C) t,s	(D) l,s
<b>79.</b>	<b>dec_m_ose</b>			
	(A) y, m	(B) d,l	(C) e,l	(D) o, p
<b>80.</b>	<b>dis_osal</b>			
	(A) p	(B) g	(C) u	(D) s









<b>81.</b>	<b>elec_ri_ity</b>			
	(A) w,k	(B) r,l	(C) t, c	(D) d,w
<b>82.</b>	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) slace	(B) slice	(C) sliic	(D) sleece
<b>83.</b>	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) bidtime	(B) bedtame	(C) bedtimme	(D) bedtime
<b>84.</b>	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) trach	(B) trash	(C) ttrashh	(D) tresh
<b>85.</b>	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) blastic	(B) plactic	(C) plastic	(D) plactise
<b>86.</b>	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) purse	(B) burse	(C) porse	(D) parse
<b>87.</b>	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) nervis	<b>(B) nervous</b>	(C) nervus	(D) nerrwous
<b>88.</b>	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) hilaros	(B) hilaruus	(C) hilarious	(D) hilaarous
<b>89.</b>	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) biscuit	(B) bescut	(C) piscuit	(D) biscute
<b>90.</b>	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) contaact	(B) contact	(C) cuntect	(D) kontakt

<b>Vocabulary</b>				
<b>91.</b>	<b>We live according to our _____.</b>			
	(A) kind	(B) convenience	(C) kick	(D) pour
<b>92.</b>	<b>Electricity _____ power for doing something.</b>			
	(A) generates	(B) finds	(C) same	(D) just
<b>93.</b>	<b>Smoking is _____ to our health.</b>			
	(A) toxic	(B) roast	(C) locks	(D) munch
<b>94.</b>	<b>Trash is burnt in _____.</b>			
	(A) garbage	(B) fruits	(C) incinerators	(D) crime
<b>95.</b>	<b>Bacteria _____ the waste material.</b>			
	(A) join	(B) decompose	(C) enjoy	(D) damp
<b>96.</b>	<b>There should be a proper way for the _____ of wastes in our houses.</b>			
	(A) stop	(B) stunt	(C) throw	(D) disposal
<b>97.</b>	<b>America is a _____ society.</b>			
	(A) business	(B) throwaway	(C) joint	(D) recover
<b>98.</b>	<b>Large _____ are used to burn trash.</b>			
	(A) craters	(B) parts	(C) points	(D) incinerators
<b>99.</b>	<b>_____ can be washed and reused.</b>			
	(A) Trash	(B) Bottles	(C) Buses	(D) Papers
<b>100.</b>	<b>We should use less _____ which is hard to recycle.</b>			
	(A) food	(B) mind	(C) plastic	(D) bottles

## Question 2: (Pairing Questions) VOCABULARY

From questions (1) to (20), in the answer sheet, for every question in column (1) shade the appropriate circle from column (2).

Column (1)	Column (2)
1) disposal	(A) personal comfort
2) convenience	(B) dark
3) generates	(C) furnaces for burning trash
4) toxic 	(D) removal
5) incinerators 	(E) to decay or rot
6) decompose	(F) poisonous
7) incinerators	(G) produces
8) recycle	(H) container
9) replace	(I) furnaces for burning trash
10) trash	(J) bring to use again
11) plastic	(K) trash
12) bottles	(L) waste, rubbish
13) aluminum	(M) current, power
14) garbage	(N) cool
15) landfill	(O) land used to throw trash
16) electricity	(P) a light, silver colored metal used in making pans
17) convenience #	(Q) synthetic
18) generates #	(R) to put in place of another
19) toxic #	(S) degenerate
20) reuse #	(T) non-toxic, harmless
21) decompose #	(U) discard

22) disposal #	(V) compose
23) poisonous #	(W) retention
24) There should be a proper way	(X) non poisonous
25) We live according	(Y) inconvenience
26) Electricity generates	(Z) toxic to our health.
27) Smoking is	(AA) the waste material.
28) Trash is	(AB) for the disposal of wastes in our houses.
29) Bacteria decompose	(AC) power for doing something.
30) 	(AD) to our convenience.
31) 	(AE) burnt in incinerators.
32) 	(AF) paper
	(AG) fruits
	(AH) gain
	(AI) aluminum cans
	(AJ) landfill
	(AK) trash
	(AL) recycle
	(AM) plastic
	(AN) ruins
	(AO) remade

**Question 3: (True or False) Comprehension:**

**Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.**

**Garbage Crisis**

The only real solution to the garbage crisis is for Americans to reduce the amount of trash they throw away. There are two methods of doing this. One is recycling—reusing garbage. Bottles can be washed and reused. Aluminum cans can be melted down and remade. Currently in the U.S., only 11 percent of solid waste is used again as something else. . . .

We must also reduce the amount of garbage we produce in the first place. We should use less plastic, which is hard to recycle and does not in landfills. Much garbage is useless packaging. Consumers should buy foods and goods that use less packaging. We also should buy reusable products rather than things that are used once and thrown away. . . .

A woman in California was asked about garbage. She replied, “Why do we need to change anything? I put my garbage out on the sidewalk and they take it away.” Attitudes like hers must be changed. We have to face the inevitable question posed by Ed Repa, manager of the solid waste program at the National Solid Waste Management Association: “How do you throw something away when there is no ‘away’?”

**From Questions below shade in the letter  $\text{\textcircled{T}}$  if the statement is True or  $\text{\textcircled{F}}$  if the statement is False, for every question.**

1) One of the methods of reducing the trash is recycling.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
2) Consumers should buy goods that use less packaging.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
3) Aluminum cans can be washed and reused.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
4) Much garbage is useful packaging.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
5) A woman in California was asked about garbage.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
6) Aluminum cans can be melted down and remade.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
7) Consumers should buy foods and goods that use more packaging	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
8) In the U.S 13% of solid waste is used again as something else.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
9) We should use less plastic, which is hard to recycle.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
10) The synonym for recycling is reusing.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
11) The synonym for trash is packaging.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
12) The antonym for reduce is landfill.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
13) The antonym for useless is useful.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>

1. Cross out the odd words:

- a. Recycle, remade, reuse, replace, dispose.
- b. Trash, garbage, landfill, plastic, waste.
- c. Bottles, aluminum cans, plastic, food.
- d. Generate, toxic, poisonous, harmful.
- e. Farms, parks, homes, bottles.

America is a “throwaway” society. Each year Americans throw away 16 billion disposable diapers, 1.6 billion pens, and 220 million tires. For the sake of convenience, we tend to throw these and other used goods away rather than repair or recycle them. The average American household generates 350 bags, or 4,550 gallons, of garbage per year. This comes out to a total of 160 million tons of garbage a year. We have to change our throwaway lifestyle before we are buried in it. We are running out of places to put all the garbage we produce. About 80 percent of it is now buried in landfills. There are 6,000 landfills currently operating, but many of them are becoming full. The Environmental Protection Agency estimates that one-half of the remaining landfills will run out of space and close within the next five to ten years

14) America is a “throwaway” society.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
15) Each year Americans recycle 16 billion disposable diapers, 1.6 billion pens, and 220 million tires.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
16) The average American household generates 350 bags, or 4,550 gallons, of garbage per year.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
17) We don't have to change our throwaway lifestyle so we are not buried in it.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
18) The landfills are covered with 50% of garbage.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
19) There will be more landfills within the next five to ten years.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
20) The synonym for generates is produces.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
21) The synonym for garbage is recycle.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
22) The antonym of convenience is inconvenience.	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>

**COMPREHENSION PASSAGE:**

In addition, many landfills contain toxic chemicals that can leak into and pollute underground water supplies. In New York City, over seventy-five wells had to be closed because of such toxic waste poisoning. One suggested alternative to landfills is to burn the trash. In some states, large incinerators are used to burn garbage, and the heat that is generated is used to produce electricity. But this has drawbacks. Burning trash pollutes the air with dioxin and mercury, which are highly poisonous. Furthermore, burning does not completely solve the landfill problem. Leftover ash produced by burning is often highly toxic, and it still has to be buried somewhere. The only real solution to the garbage crisis is for Americans to reduce the amount of trash they throw away. There are two methods of doing this. One is recycling—reusing garbage. Bottles can be washed and reused. Aluminum cans can be melted down and remade. Currently in the U.S., only 11 percent of solid waste is used again as something else. . . .solution

<b>COMPREHENSION</b>				
<b>1.</b>	Landfills contain _____ and thus leads to pollution.			
	(A) useful	(B) toxic chemicals	(C) precious	(D) almonds
<b>2.</b>	One alternative to landfills is to _____ the trash.			
	(A) burn	(B) fly	(C) tear	(D) drown
<b>3.</b>	Burning trash pollutes the air with dioxin and, _____ which are highly poisonous.			
	(A) chlorine	(B) flouride	(C) mercury	(D) oxygen
<b>4.</b>	Burning does not completely solve the _____ problem.			
	(A) landfill	(B) pollution	(C) water	(D) recycle
<b>5.</b>	Leftover _____ produced by burning is often highly toxic, and it still has to be buried somewhere.			
	(A) air	(B) paper	(C) crumbs	(D) ash
<b>6.</b>	The only real solution to the garbage crisis is for Americans to _____ the amount of trash they throw away.			
	(A) replace	(B) abort	(C) reduce	(D) throw
<b>7.</b>	One of the methods of recycling is _____ garbage.			
	(A) throwing	(B) reusing	(C) counting	(D) naming
<b>8.</b>	_____ can be washed and reused.			
	(A) paper	(B) oil	(C) cards	(D) Bottles
<b>9.</b>	Aluminum cans can be _____ down and remade.			
	(A) washed	(B) melted	(C) thrown	(D) cooled
<b>10.</b>	Currently in the U.S., only _____ of solid waste is used again as			
	(A) 11 percent	(B) 13 percent	(C) 100 percent	(D) 1 percent

## Comprehension Passage

We are running out of places to put all the garbage we produce. About 80 percent of it is now buried in landfills. There are 6,000 landfills currently operating, but many of them are becoming full. The Environmental Protection Agency estimates that one-half of the remaining landfills will run out of space and close within the next five to ten years. Can we simply build new landfills to replace the old ones? The answer is no. For one thing, we are running out of space. We cannot afford to use up land that is needed for farms, parks, and homes. In addition, many landfills contain toxic chemicals that can leak into and pollute underground water supplies. In New York City, over seventy-five wells had to be closed because of such toxic waste poisoning.

<b>COMPREHENSION</b>				
<b>1.</b>	There are no _____ left for garbage.			
	(A) places	(B) toxic chemicals	(C) jugs	(D) posts
<b>2.</b>	About 80 percent of it is now buried in _____.			
	(A) burn	(B) garbage	(C) landfills	(D) flowers
<b>3.</b>	The number of currently operating landfills is _____.			
	(A) 2000	(B) 6000	(C) 4000	(D) 600
<b>4.</b>	We are running out of _____.			
	(A) landfill	(B) food	(C) space	(D) air
<b>5.</b>	Land is needed for farms, _____, and homes.			
	(A) food	(B) parks	(C) trash	(D) ash
<b>6.</b>	Many landfills contain _____.			
	(A) toxic chemicals	(B) perfumes	(C) reduce	(D) space
<b>7.</b>	In New York City, over _____ wells had to be closed because of such toxic			
	(A) hundred	(B) reusing	(C) covered	(D) seventy-five



**Question 4: (Information Questions)**

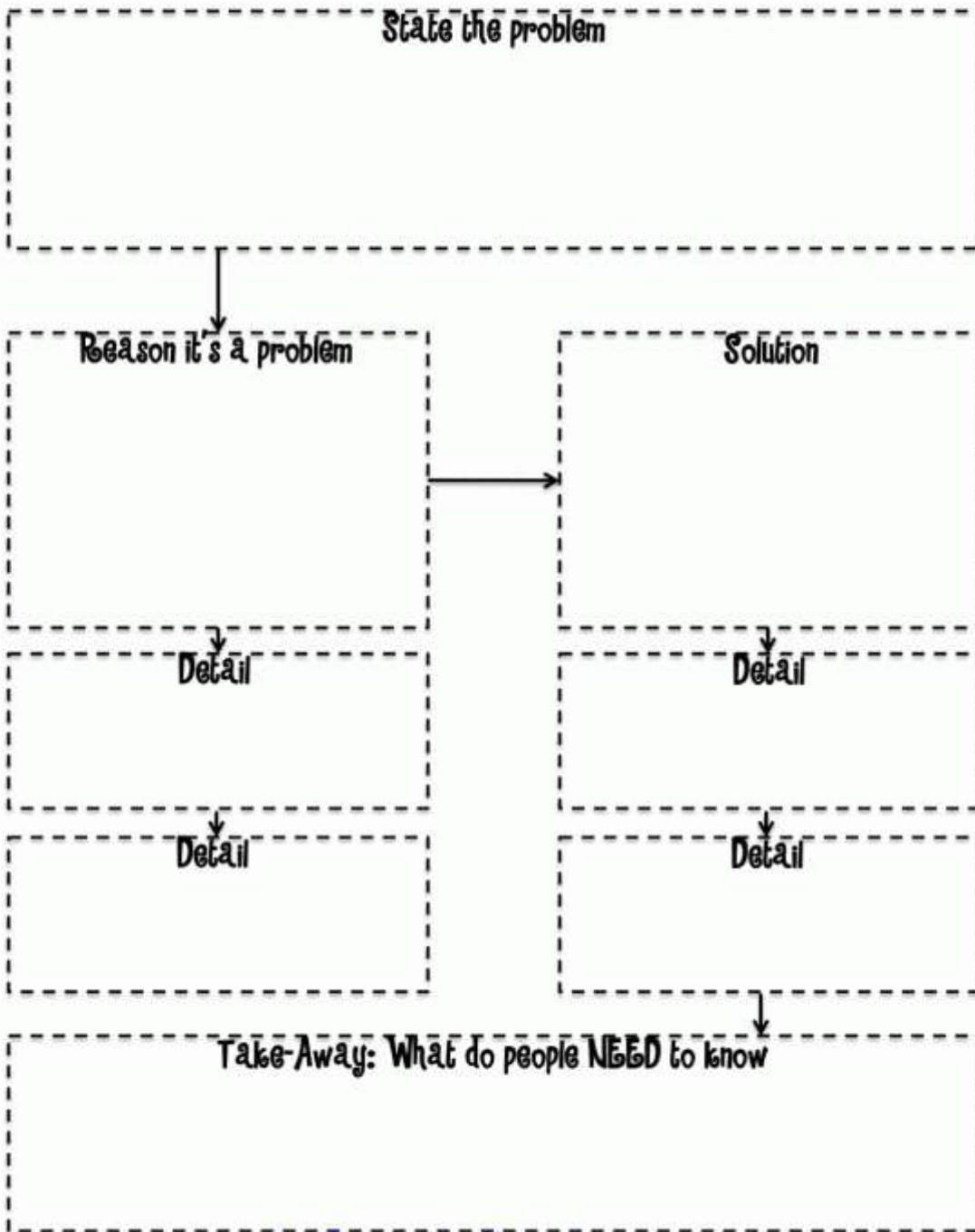
<b>1) The writer's opinion is that American's need to change their lifestyles so they do not throw so much garbage</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>2) The writer says that many landfills are almost full.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>3) In the next five to ten years, there will be more space to put garbage</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>4) Many landfills do not contain toxic chemicals.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>5) Burning trash releases poisonous chemicals into the air.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>6) Burned garbage produces "leftover ash", which is poisonous.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>7) The amount of garbage we produce does not cause problems.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>8) America is a recycling society.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>9) Large incinerators are used to burn trash.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>10) Cans can be washed and reused</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>11) Playing with trash pollutes the air with dioxin and mercury</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>12) We should use less paper which is hard to recycle.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>13) Persuasion is the art of convincing others by giving reasons that make sense.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>14) A written persuasion includes an opinion and specific reasons to support the opinion.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>15) A TV ad makes a spoken request convincing.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>16) Recycling is a bad idea.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>17) Garbage crisis is a growing menace.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>18) We often throw out waste papers, bottles etc.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>





2- Write a persuasive letter to the city council asking them to spend money on recycling. Give three reasons for your opinion.

## Persuasive Writing Plan



Now, write a letter based on the organizer

Your

s  
(Audience)

Date

Name and  
address

Greeting

Introducti

Body

Conclusion

Closing

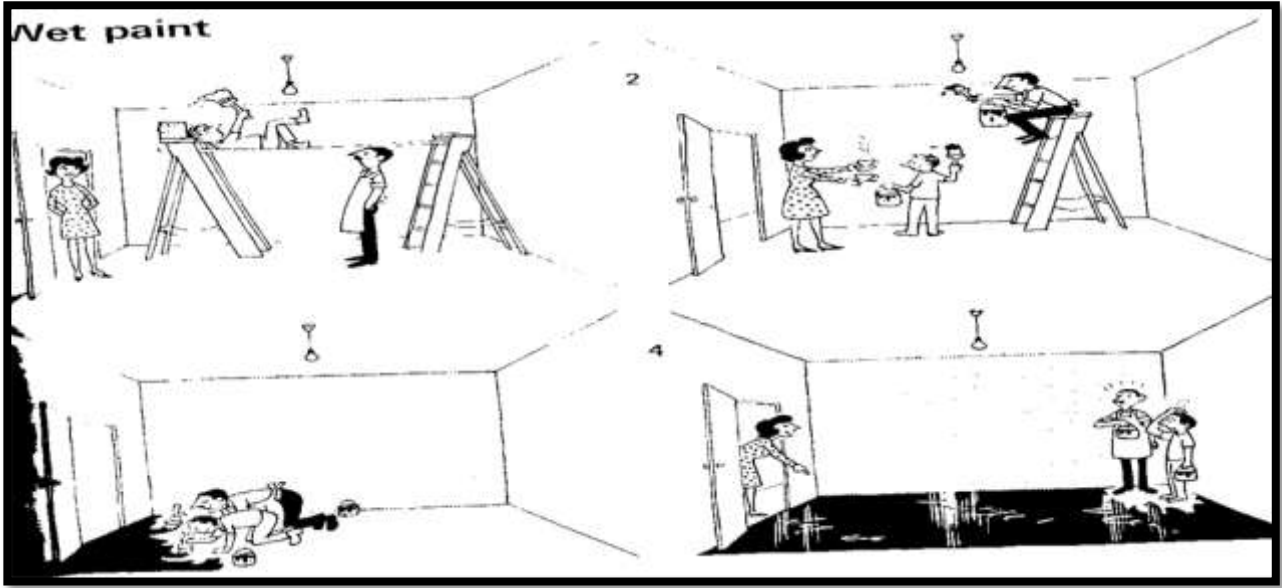
Signature

Typed or  
printed name

address



**WRITING: PICTURE COMPOSITION**



**Join the correct part of the sentence in List B with each part in List A.**

A	B
1) Peter's father is beginning	A) and painting the floor.
2) Peter is painting the room, too.	B) but they cannot drink it.
3) He is lying down on a piece of wood.	C) because there is wet paint on the floor.
4) Mrs. Green is giving Peter and his father some tea	D) and painting the ceiling.
5) They cannot take the tea from her	E) because he wants to help his father.
6) Peter and his father are kneeling down	F) and they are looking puzzled.
7) They are finishing painting the room	G) to paint a room.
8) They cannot get out of the room	H) because they are holding brushes and cans.

Now, write a paragraph based on the picture.

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## THE TROUBLE MAKER

### Writing Practice – Finish the Story

*Directions: Read the story below. Then finish it with your own writing.*

Allison had a bad night on Saturday. She went to the Smith’s house to babysit their son, Jake, and daughter, Lisa. Jake is four years old. He gets into a lot of trouble. He started the night by pouring his glass of milk all over the floor during dinner.

“Clean that up,” Allison ordered.

“You can’t tell me what to do,” Jake responded. He ran away from the dinner table.

“I’m bored. I want to play a game,” Lisa whined.

“Jake, if you clean up your mess we can play a game,” Allison said.

“Okay,” Jake said. Allison gave him a handful of paper towels and he used them to clean up the milk. “I want to play hide-and-seek,” he said.

“Okay, I will be the seeker first,” Allison said. “You two have thirty seconds to hide!”

Allison covered her eyes with her hands and counted slowly from one to thirty.

“Ready or not, here I come!” she called. Allison walked downstairs and peeked into the kitchen closet. Nobody was inside. She checked under the couches in the living room. She looked in the garage.

Allison decided that nobody was hiding downstairs, so she walked upstairs and continued her search. She opened the door to Lisa’s bedroom and found her hiding under the bed.

“I found you!” she squealed. “Okay, now help me find Jake,” she told Lisa. Allison and Lisa

searched all over the house. They could not find Jake.

“It has been twenty minutes and he is nowhere in sight,” Allison thought. “I wonder where he is.”

Now, finish the story with your own words.

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## Proofread and Fix Each Paragraph

Read each paragraph below. Cross out all **capitalizing** mistakes, **misspelled** words, or incorrect **punctuation**. Above each mistake, write the correct letter, word, or **punctuation** mark. Write in the correct **punctuation** if it is missing.

The blue wale is the biggest animal on earth some are as long as 100 foots and weighing 300,000 pounds? In the late 1800s and early 1900s these gentle jiants were hunted almost to extinction because humans wanted their bluber to make oil fuel soap and candles. their baleen was used to make brushes and corsets. the blue wale population is now only one percent of it's original size.

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In order to remain helty, you must eat good nutritious food. breakfast is very important espeshally if your going to school because you cant pay attention if your hungry. You should eat frutes and vegetebles with every meel and avoid food that is high in kolesterol and saturated fat. Its also important to drink alot of likwids every day.

**Editing:** How many mistakes can you find?

Anthony Visits Nick

On sunday, Anthony went over to Nicks house to play basketball. They played a gam of one-on-one. Anthony made six baskets, bute nick made eight Nick was the winner. After the game, both boys whent in side to have some snack's and watch television.

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\*\*\*\*\*THE END\*\*\*\*\*